

## Complex Impedance Spectra of Amorphous and Glass-Ceramic $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-7\text{GeO}_2$ Compounds

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Ionic conductance in glass and glass-ceramics oxide-based materials depends on various factors, such as structure, relative volume of grains and interfacial regions, mean size of ordered nuclei, type of the phases spatial distribution [1]. Among dielectrics with high ionic conductivity, the crystalline and glass-ceramic compounds of lithium germanate family  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-x\text{GeO}_2$  are actively investigated. Quenching  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-x\text{GeO}_2$  glasses and their stage-by-stage crystallization on heating were published earlier in [2]. In [3] the glass samples with  $x=7, 11.5$  were heat treated into the intermediate state with increased electric conductivity  $\sigma$ . In this abstract we studied complex impedance spectra for the phase states, obtained during crystallization of  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-7\text{GeO}_2$  glass.

The mechanism of charge transfer in amorphous, glass-ceramics and polycrystalline phases of  $\text{Li}_2\text{O}-7\text{GeO}_2$  compound were studied by measuring the spectra of the complex impedance  $\rho^*(\omega)$ . The experimental spectra  $\rho^*(\omega)$  were presented in  $(\rho'-\rho'')$  complex plane and analyzed by using equivalent circuit approach. The obtained diagrams  $(\rho'-\rho'')$  were typical for hopping conduction. Impedance relaxation rate  $\tau^{-1}$  and activation energy  $E_a$ , determined for glass, intermediate nanocrystalline and polycrystalline states are in agreement with the results of independent AC conductivity measurements. Assuming that the rate  $\tau^{-1}$  characterizes hopping of charge carriers, it is shown, that increased conductivity  $\sigma$  of the intermediate nanocrystalline state reflects higher mobility of Li ions as compared with glass and polycrystalline phase.

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