

Effect of Parameter Variation in UTBB FDSOI-NCFET

Bhaskar Awadhiya^{1,*}, P.N. Kondekar²

^{1,2} Department of Electronics and Communication Engineering, PDPM IITDMJ
Dumna Road, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, 482005

*Bhaskar Awadhiya: bhaskar.a@iitdmj.ac.in

In this work we have investigated the performance of UTBB FDSOI-NCFET [1] with different dielectric materials, different gate materials and spacer length variation. Also, we have studied the variation in ON-OFF current ratio and subthreshold swing with variation in these parameters. The basic idea here is to find out an ideal dielectric material, gate material and spacer thickness which should be used so as to get the optimum parameters for better performance of the device. We have validated our simulation using TCAD simulator. Here, we have considered PZT (Lead zirconium titanate) as a ferroelectric material as it possesses many advantages like high dielectric constant and nano-second polarization reversal [2]. This device is a unique amalgamation of Negative capacitance transistor and FDSOI. Negative capacitance provides low subthreshold swing and FDSOI ensures suppression of short channel effects and hence UTBB FDSOI-NCFET is a viable candidate for future low power transistors.

[1] A. Saeidi, F. Jazaeri, I. Stolichnov and A. M. Ionescu, "Double-Gate Negative-Capacitance MOSFET With PZT Gate-Stack on Ultra Thin Body SOI: An Experimentally Calibrated Simulation Study of Device Performance," in IEEE Transactions on Electron Devices, vol. 63, no. 12, pp. 4678-4684, Dec. 2016. doi: 10.1109/TED.2016.2616035

[2] J. Li, B. Nagaraj, H. Liang, W. Cao, C. H. Lee, and R. Ramesh, "Ultrafast polarization switching in thin-film ferroelectrics," Appl. Phys. Lett., vol. 84, no. 7, pp. 1174–1176, 2004.